

## Gender, Religion and Caste (Important MCQs for class 10th)

### Description

## Objective Questions:

Questions asked in Pre-boards and previous years boards

**Q.1 The share of women in the state assemblies is less than:**

- a. 20%
- b. 15%
- c. 10%
- d. 5%

**Answer:** b. 15%

**Q.2 Which of the following Act says that equal wages should be paid for equal work?**

- a. Equal Remuneration Act
- b. Equal Wages Act
- c. Wages Act
- d. Labor Code

**Answer:** a. Equal Remuneration Act

**Q.3 What is the primary concern when religion is seen as the basis of a nation?**

- a. Promoting religious diversity
- b. Fostering national unity
- c. Encouraging religious tolerance
- d. Creating potential dangers to nationalism

**Answer:** d. Creating potential dangers to nationalism

**Q.4 In communal politics, what happens when one religion and its followers are pitted against another?**

- a. It fosters religious diversity
- b. It promotes religious tolerance
- c. It leads to communal politics
- d. It creates potential dangers to nationalism

**Answer:** c. It leads to communal politics

**Q.5 One-third seats are reserved for women in-**

- a. Lok Sabha
- b. Panchayat
- c. Government Jobs
- d. State Assembly

**Answer:** b. Panchayat

**Q.6 What does communalism involve in terms of social community?**

- a. Belief that followers of different religions belong to one community
- b. Recognition of commonalities among followers of different religions
- c. Belief in the equality of all religions
- d. Belief that followers of different religions cannot belong to the same social community

**Answer:** d. Belief that followers of different religions cannot belong to the same social community.

**Q.7 What is a common expression of communalism that involves religious prejudices and stereotypes?**

- a. Majoritarian dominance
- b. Political mobilization on religious lines
- c. Communal violence
- d. Everyday beliefs

**Answer:** d. Everyday beliefs

**Q.8 How did the makers of the Indian Constitution address the challenge of communalism?**

- A) By giving a special status to Hinduism
- B) By choosing the model of a secular state
- C) By promoting majoritarian dominance
- D) By encouraging religious prejudice

**Answer:** b. By choosing the model of a secular state

**Q.9 What is the primary concern when using religion in politics?**

- a. Promoting religious beliefs.
- b. Ensuring equal treatment of all religions.
- c. Regulating religious practices.
- d. Establishing one religion as superior.

**Answer:** b. Ensuring equal treatment of all religions.

**Q.10 What is the term used to describe using religion in politics in exclusive and partisan terms, leading to the dominance of one religious group over others?**

- a. Communalism.
- b. Secularism.
- c. Pluralism.
- d. Populism.

**Answer:** a. Communalism.

**Q.11 A person who does not discriminate others on the basis of religious beliefs is called**

- \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Secular
  - b. Communalist
  - c. Feminist
  - d. Casteist

**Answer:** a. Secular

**Q.12 Patriarchal society means** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. A society dominated by men

- b. A society dominated by women
- c. A society where there is equality between men and women
- d. None of the above.

**Answer:** a. A society dominated by men

**Q.13 Which of the following statement is true regarding caste and caste system in India?**

- a. Caste system has completely disappeared from contemporary India.
- b. The Constitution of India prohibited any caste-based discrimination and laid the foundations of policies to reverse the injustices of the caste system.
- c. Untouchability has ended completely from contemporary India.
- d. Like gender and religion, caste division is universal.

**Answer:** b. The Constitution of India prohibited any caste-based discrimination and laid the foundations of policies to reverse the injustices of the caste system.

**Q.14 Gender division stands for \_\_\_\_\_**

- a. Biological differences between men and women
- b. Unequal roles assigned by the society to men and women
- c. Unequal child sex-ratio
- d. Absence of voting rights for women

**Answer:** b. Unequal roles assigned by the society to men and women

**Q.15 Following are the provisions of communal politics. Identify the incorrect one.**

- a. when state favors a particular religion.
- b. It occurs when religion is not expressed in politics.
- c. when the demand for only one religion is accepted.
- d. one religion is presented superior to other.

**Answer:** b. It occurs when religion is not expressed in politics.

**Q.16 Which of the following statement is not true?**

- a. The Constitution of India does not allow the state to intervene in the matter of religion in order to ensure equality within the religious communities.
- b. Constitution prohibits discrimination on the grounds of religion.
- c. The Constitution provides to all individuals and communities freedom to profess, practice and propagate any religion, or not to follow any.
- d. Both 'A' and 'C'.

**Answer:** a. The Constitution of India does not allow the state to intervene in the matter of religion in order to ensure equality within the religious communities.

**Q.17 The Equal Remuneration Act of \_\_\_\_\_ provides that equal wages should be paid to equal work.**

- a. 1986
- b. 1976
- c. 1966
- d. 1972

**Answer:** b. 1976

**Q.18 How communalism affects our lives?**

- a. It leads to poverty and uneducated society
- b. It leads to political uncertainty and unrest in people's life.
- c. It leads to communal violence, riots and massacre.
- d. None of these.

**Answer:** c. It leads to communal violence, riots and massacre.

**Q.19 Which of the following statement is true regarding Feminist Movements?**

- a. A group which favors giving more power to working women at rural and urban level.
- b. A movement that believes in giving exclusive rights to female in urban areas.
- c. Radical women's movements aimed at equality in personal and family life as well.
- d. It is the practice of placing a feminine and masculine point of view in decision-making.

**Answer:** c. Radical women's movements aimed at equality in personal and family life as well.

**Q.20 Distinguishing feature of communalism is :**

- a. Followers of a particular religion must belong to one community.
- b. Communalism leads to the belief that people belonging to different religions can live as equal citizens within one community.
- c. A communal mind does not lead to quest for political dominance of one's own religious community.
- d. A secular constitution is sufficient combat communalism.

**Answer:** a. Followers of a particular religion must belong to one community.

**Category**

- 1. Objective Questions

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